REPORTER'S RECORD VOLUME 3 OF 5 CAUSE NO. PR-11-3238-1 COURT OF APPEALS NO. 05-18-00558-CV

IN THE ESTATE OF MAX D. HOPPER, DECEASED

THE PROBATE COURT

JO N. HOPPER Plaintiff,

v.

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK N.A. STEPHEN B. HOPPER, LAURA S. WASSMER Defendants.

JOHN L. MALESOVAS d/b/a MALESOVAS LAW FIRM, and FEE SMITH, SHARP & VITULLO, LLP Intervenors,

V.

STEPHEN B. HOPPER, LAURA S. WASSMER, and JPMORGAN CHASE BANK N.A., Defendants.

NUMBER ONE

DALLAS COUNTY, TEXAS

\_\_\_\_\_ TEMPORARY INJUNCTION HEARING 

On the 24th day of April, 2018, A.D., the following proceedings came on for hearing in the aboveentitled and numbered cause before the HONORABLE COURT, BRENDA HULL THOMPSON, Judge Presiding, held in Dallas, Dallas County, Texas.

Proceedings reported by oral stenography.

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#### WITNESSES: DE CE

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# EXHIBITS

INTERVENORS	DESCRIPTION	Offered	Admitted
No. 1	Contingency Fee Contract signed by Laura Wassmer	24	25
No. 2	Contingency Fee Contract signed by Stephen Hopper	25	25
No. 3	Charge of the Court Filed Sept. 25, 2017	25	25
No. 6	Rule 11 Letter Filed April 4, 2018	28	31
No. 7	Letter to Mr. Lauten From Mr. Pennington Dated April 5, 2018	29	31
No. 8	Letter to Mr. Malesova From Mr. Pennington Dated April 5, 2018	s 29	31

# EXHIBITS, cont'd.

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INTERVENORS	DESCRIPTION	Offered	Admitted
No. 11	Letter to Mr. Eichman From Mr. Vitullo Dated October 8, 2015	29	31
No. 13	Email to Mr. Vitullo From Mr. Stephen Hoppe Dated Jan. 25, 2016		31
No. 66	Order Granting Plainti Motion for Legal Rulin Dated March 28 2018		31
No. 70	Email to Mr. Vitullo From Mr. Levinger Dated April 3, 2018	31	31
No. 14	Email to Mr. Vitullo From Ms. Laura Wassmer Dated Jan. 25, 2016	34	33
DEFENDANTS	DESCRIPTION	Offered	Admitted
No. 2	Letter from Mr. Pennin To Mr. Vitullo and Mr. Malesovas dated 4/6/18	-	38

## PROCEEDINGS 1 THE COURT: This is PR-11-3238 in the 2 3 Estate of Max D. Hopper. May I have the attorneys announce, please? 4 5 MR. LAUTEN: Good Morning, Your Honor, 6 Brian Lauten appearing on behalf of the Intervenors, Fee, Smith, Sharp & Vitullo and John Malesovas. 7 8 MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, Anne Johnson 9 and Jim Pennington and Andrew Guthrie here on behalf of the intervention Defendant Stephen Hopper and Laura 10 11 Wassmer. THE COURT: Your last name is Johnson? 12 13 MS. JOHNSON: Johnson; thank you, Your Honor. 14 15 THE COURT: And Mr. Pennington. Sir? 16 17 MR. LOEWINSOHN: And Your Honor, Alan Loewinsohn, here on behalf of the Plaintiff Jo Hopper. 18 19 MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, good morning, 20 Van Beckwith and Jessica Pulliam on behalf of JPMorgan Bank in its corporate capacity as well as in its 21 22 independent administrator capacity. 23 THE COURT: All right. We're here on the matter of the Temporary Injunction as well as the 24 25 Defendant's Motion to Compel Arbitration. All right,

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let's proceed.
 1
 2
                    MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, in terms of the
 3
     order that we take the arguments today, I wanted to
     request that we do consider the Motion to Compel
 4
 5
     Arbitration first, and --
                    THE COURT: No, ma'am.
 6
 7
                    MS. JOHNSON: Okay.
 8
                    THE COURT: That was not set first.
                    MS. JOHNSON: Okay, Your Honor, can I
 9
     just be heard for 30 seconds, because I think we can
10
11
     short circuit the temporary injunction issue because
12
     they are now moving for injunctive relief pursuant to
     the Texas Arbitration Act, so if this Court doesn't
13
     order arbitration, then the statute that they are now
14
15
     relying on really doesn't apply. We could cover the
     arbitration issue very quickly, Your Honor.
16
17
                    THE COURT: Thank you.
                    MS. JOHNSON: Okay.
18
19
                    THE COURT: Yes, sir.
20
                    MR. LAUTEN: Good Morning, Your Honor,
     I'd like the chance to fully open, if I could, before we
21
22
     start the injunction.
23
                    THE COURT: All right, how long do you
24
     need?
25
                                 Just a couple of minutes.
                    MR. LAUTEN:
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THE COURT: All right.

MR. LAUTEN: There's three things we have to prove to you today: We've got to prove a probability of success on the merits; we've got to prove a irreparable harm; and we've got to prove no adequate remedy and law. That's if you grant an injunction, but germane to all of that, is your power to simply, put money in the registry, which is a non-appealable order, which doesn't even require injunctive relief.

this seems to be the issue primarily in dispute, and that is this argument out there that we have nothing to fear about dissipation of assets. Let me start with that. Number one: Albeit the settlement's confidential, I think it's important that the Court in camera, looks at that amount, for the simple reason if no other, number one: We've got to show that they got a benefit by our representation and two; the more important issue is they're not bonded. Nobody in this Court is bonded with respect to the settlement.

This is really important. Mr. Vitullo is the seventh, the seventh lawyer hired by these clients in this case. All seven were fired. Six out of the seven, including Mr. Vitullo, were not paid in whole or in part, what they were owed when they were fired. The

one that was paid was smart enough to get his money up front. We find out earlier this week that this isn't a legitimate business dispute, Judge. It's not. This was a long, thought out and planned attempt to avoid paying Mr. Vitullo.

In August of 2017, Dr. Hopper starts surreptitiously recording Mr. Vitullo, his lawyer. He starts tape recording him, right after the verdict and he's tape recording him all the way through February 23rd of 2018, behind his back. We find this out earlier this week. Meanwhile, we find out that Mr. Pennington, he wasn't brought in at the last minute to make this termination. He was hired in October. October. He's the legal malpractice lawyer. Then we find out -- you made a great point of the TRO -- why is it that Mr. Levinger, the appellate lawyer, is sitting at one table, seemingly adverse to trial counsel, whose supposed to be working with him, at the other table.

Meanwhile, the termination letter is offered to evidence in the expert, who says that Mr. Vitullo made mistakes and should be paid as the appellate lawyer, Mr. Levinger. Well let me tell you what we find out this week. As early as October, Mr. Levinger is interfacing with Mr. Pennington, the legal malpractice lawyer. And in his billing records, Mr.

Levinger is constantly talking to Mr. Pennington, despite the fact that Mr. Levinger never even went and got the entire trial transcript, it's his opinions to the legal malpractice lawyer in the termination letter as to why the guy he's supposed to be helping affirm the verdict should be fired.

And this is what is so disturbing to me and I'll prove this to you. Mr. Levinger reaches a settlement in the afternoon of April 3rd. He knows he's got a settlement, it's in an email and we've got those emails. After Mr. Levinger knows he's got a settlement, he emails Mr. Vitullo and says, hey what's our argument going to be on these jury charge responses? Why in the thunder is the appellate lawyer for six months, talking to the legal malpractice lawyer, when my clients are surreptitiously being tape recorded?

And after he knows he's got a settlement, instead of saying let's go celebrate, let's all get together and go have a cocktail, he's emailing Mr.

Vitullo asking what his arguments are going to be. Why?

Because he's trying to set him up because he knows the next day, he's going to be fired. Your Honor, and let me tell you what else happened. While your TRO was pending, after we had a restraining order hearing, these clients go huddle up with JPMorgan Chase to enter into a

more comprehensive settlement agreement and there's language in there, we're convinced, deals with our lien rights.

I had to deal with three different
lawyers in two different states to try to get my hands
on this settlement agreement, which I have not seen. I
talked to this guy Bob Sax in Los Angeles, he's not even
admitted in this case, who gives me a bunch of grief and
we go round and round. I said look, I'll make this real
simple. You redact out all of the confidential parts of
the settlement, you can designate it's highly
confidential under the protective order, no problem.
They won't do that. So I haven't even seen the
settlement agreement.

I got a nasty letter from Mr. Beckwith yesterday that I'm making misrepresentations to the Court, because I had a chance to go see the settlement and I just turned them down. The bottom line is these people have, in my opinion committed a fraud, because the entire time Mr. Vitullo is trying to do his job and protect the record on appeal, he doesn't know that surreptitiously these clients are tape recording him for six months. They have lawyers that I think knew while Mr. Vitullo is on the pleadings that they were being tape recorded, because when I asked those questions, oh

that's privilege.

I said Mr. Pennington, please tell me you didn't know this; he wouldn't answer that question. So absolutely, there's a fear of dissipation of assets.

Absolutely, if the money goes to these people, we'll never see it again and like I said, this is a legitimate business disagreement. They're sitting outside the bank in the getaway car waiting to go. That's what's happened since the beginning. Probability of success on the merits.

I would just beg you to allow us to play the video tape of Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper from their depositions. I'll limit it to ten minutes and here's what they've admitted to. They've admitted to the things that they have to admit to, to not have anything to arbitrate, nothing to complain about and get us paid. We have a summary judgment that we've already filed. They've admitted they accepted the benefits of Mr. Vitullo's hard work.

That includes the DEC action that Mrs.

Hopper filed on the attorney's fees claim that you ruled on, the multi-million dollar deal. Mr. Vitullo wasn't even retained on that, but he came down there and handled it. He represented these people to a verdict.

He represented these people through settlement. He

stood by them the entire time. They accepted those benefits. They admitted that he performed a valuable service.

I can't talk to you right now about the settlement offers. I can't talk to you right now about the settlement they got for I guess the third set of lawyers they fired, on their behalf. I can't talk to you right now about the great result, because it's all confidential, but let me tell you what I can tell you. They can't use it as a sword and shield. They can't argue to you oh, well he didn't do a good job and then not tell us or not have the Court know what that result was, but they admit they accepted the work and admitted it was valuable.

That's all I have to prove under Tillery.

Under Enochs, once they accept the work, they're

completely estopped. They're not only estopped to avoid

paying, they're estopped to go argue about it. There's

nothing to arbitrate. We'll get to that in a minute,

but they're estopped, period.

So, at the end of the day there is absolutely a probability of success on the merits, there is irreparable harm, and the reason there is no adequate remedy at law is because a judgment to these people means nothing, if you can't collect it. They're not

bonded. They can't respond in damages or they simply won't. And if I need to call all six lawyers, who have been stiffed by these people, I'll do it. Thank you.

MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, for the record, we do object the proceeding on the injunction while the Motion to Compel is pending, but I will address the temporary injunction argument.

THE COURT: Okay, I need to have you speak up. I have some background noise here.

MR. PENNINGTON: Very well, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. PENNINGTON: Just for the record,
Your Honor, I was objecting to the proceeding on the
temporary injunction, without an opportunity to argue
the Motion to Compel, but --

THE COURT: Well, I didn't say that you don't have an opportunity, I was just commenting on the fact that this was set first and then the Motion to Compel Arbitration was set second, so I'm just following the order.

MR. PENNINGTON: Understood, Your Honor and I just wanted to note our objection on the record and the procedural way that this hearing is taking place. I think the law does make it clear that the Motion to Compel Arbitration should be heard first, but

I just wanted to put it on the record, that's all. With respect to the injunction, Your Honor, we disagree with a number of things Mr. Lauten said, but most importantly, he told you there were three things he has to prove in order to prevail on the temporary injunction hearing.

The probability of success on the merits, we dispute that issue. I don't think that Mr. Lauten can meet his burden, but the other two elements are even more glaring in this case. There is no evidence of any imminent harm at all. And in fact, as one of the things that we'll get into is Mr. Lauten mentioned was that he received this letter from Mr. Beckwith yesterday, with respect to the hearing today, and some of the pleadings that Mr. Lauten has filed.

I know Mr. Beckwith has offered to show the compromise settlement agreement to Mr. Lauten and all he asked was that he sign a Rule 11 Agreement, confirming that he would agree to maintain the confidentiality of that agreement, and I believe there may have been a few other terms. But Mr. Lauten was given an opportunity to look at the confidential settlement agreement between my clients and JPMorgan Chase.

But, as Mr. Beckwith pointed out to Mr.

Lauten very clearly in a letter just yesterday, he advised Mr. Lauten that one of the conditions precedent to any funding by JPMorgan of the settlement is that the -- One of the conditions precedent is that the funding of the actual settlement amount is contingent upon JPMorgan Chase receiving a release of lien from Mr. Vitullo and his law firm.

THE COURT: Say that again, please.

MR. PENNINGTON: That one of the conditions that has to be satisfied before JPMorgan Chase will fund any part of the settlement, is that JPMorgan Chase must be provided with a release of lien of the attorney's lien, that's been asserted by Mr. Vitullo's firm and Mr. Malesovas' firm in this case. And, Mr. Beckwith made it clear to Mr. Lauten that JPMorgan Chase has no intent on funding the settlement until they receive a release of lien from Mr. Vitullo and his law firm, in this case.

So, until that event happens, there will be no funding of the settlement and there is no imminent harm that anybody is going to receive any money, in this case. So, and we'll get into that in the case, later into the case in chief, but I did want to make the Court aware of that. So, the position that the intervention Plaintiffs have asserted in this case is they're trying

to show that there is some imminent danger that the settlement funds are going to be paid and that they won't be able to get their interest in the money. That argument is just a fallacy. There is no -- that's not going to happen.

The only person right now that controls whether the funding will go through is Mr. Vitullo and his law firm. So, until he provides that release of his lien that he's asserted in this case, there will be no funding of the settlement. JPMorgan is not obligated to pay the settlement under the agreement.

Your Honor, the other evidence that I believe that we've previously discussed at the TRO hearing is the fact that, for a separate reason there's no imminent harm, because Plaintiff's, or excuse me, the Defendant's in this case, my clients have offered to place the disputed fee amount into a separate trust account, whether it's one of the attorney's trust account or an independent third party escrow account or trust account. We've offered to do that and to give those assurances to Mr. Vitullo and his firm and Mr. Malesovas so that they know that those funds will not be paid to my clients, until this fee dispute matter has been resolved.

THE COURT: Are you talking about all the

funds or just the alleged disputed amount of the funds?

MR. PENNINGTON: Well, as to that

particular offer, it applies only to the disputed amount of the funds. The attorney's fees that are in dispute as well as their expenses. But to be clear, Your Honor, so there's no confusion on this issue, the letter and the condition precedent of the entire settlement being funded, that goes to the entire amount of the

settlement.

So JPMorgan Chase has said they're not funding anything, not one penny of the settlement, until they receive a release of lien from Mr. Vitullo and his firm. You know, the other, the third element that Mr. Lauten has to show is that he has no adequate remedy at law, and that's just simply not the case here. They do have an adequate remedy. They're actually suing for breach of contract, trying to enforce the contract and they claim an amount of money, a certain amount of fees and expenses that they're claiming as damages, so they do have adequate remedy in this case.

Mr. Lauten made a point about the fact that nobody is bonded. There's no requirement that anybody be bonded but more importantly, the funds are not being paid, so that shouldn't even be an issue for the Court in this case. Mr. Lauten mentioned about that

there were seven different attorney's that my clients fired in this case and you know, there were -- it's ironic because Mr. Vitullo represented my clients with respect to at least one of those claims and he is the one who advised the clients with respect to that fee. But, if we have to get into all of the evidence that they intend to, I'll object to much of that coming into evidence because, I think they're just trying to show evidence of other bad acts to show that my clients conformed with that same behavior in this case so, I don't think that that's admissible.

With respect to Dr. Hopper's recorded conversations, I think what you're going to hear about that is that the reason Dr. Hopper started recording these conversations, in August of 2017, was because he received a frantic phone call from Taylor Horton, an associate who worked for Fee Smith. Mr. Horton was one of the attorney's at that law firm who had been working on the case and he was responsible for getting the case ready for trial.

Mr. Horton called Dr. Hopper and told him he was very concerned about the case because he was actually unable to get a hold of Mr. Vitullo. He had no idea of where he was, trial was coming up in and a week or a week-and-a-half and Mr. Horton was panicking

because he didn't know how to get the case ready for trial or what to do. So, Dr. Hopper became concerned and started recording the conversation with Mr. Horton at that point. There were also some other matters that Mr. Horton told Dr. Hopper that he was concerned about, about the way the case was being handled.

Under the contract, the contingency fee contract, the clients, it's very clear in the contract that the clients are not supposed to be paying for any of the expenses, but yet, they were being charged with all of the expenses in the case and they were being required to pay a large, not just a large number, but large amounts of expenses in the case and Mr. Horton was concerned about that and he basically, didn't think that the clients should be paying those expenses.

So, he had some concerns about that so based on that, those are the reasons, some of the reasons why Dr. Hopper began recording the conversations. It's interesting that Mr. Lauten accuses me of somehow knowing about this, these recorded conversations, I mean obviously, based on the timing that started happening before I was ever hired in the case. And when this issue came up in my clients' depositions, the way questions were asked by Mr. Lauten he was basically, asking whether the clients told me

that they had recorded the conversations for other 2 evidence. And I objected to that because that is 3 attorney-client privilege. Whatever the client communicates to me, during the course of the 4 5 representation, is privileged. 6 But, I will represent to the Court that 7 while that was going on, I did not have knowledge that 8 my clients were tape recording conversations with Mr. Vitullo or anyone at his firm. 9 THE COURT: As of when? 10 11 MR. PENNINGTON: I'm sorry, Your Honor? 12 THE COURT: When did you learn that they were taping him? 13 14 MR. PENNINGTON: Well, again Your Honor, when I learned was much later and while I was -- I mean 15 16 I hesitate to be able to answer that question because I think that that's privileged, about the timing of when I 17 learned, but --18 19 THE COURT: All right, well, you don't 20 have to --21 MR. PENNINGTON: But it was after the 22 fact. 23 THE COURT: You don't have to answer. 24 MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, the last

thing is Mr. Lauten makes a lot about this Tillery case

and that he believes my clients are estopped from being able to dispute whether they owe a contingency fee under this contract. As I have mentioned before though at the previous hearing, that issue is an issue that must be decided by an arbitrator, ultimately. I mean, that has to do with whether, with the enforceability of the fee provision of the contract and we are challenging that fee provision of the contract because I believe the evidence will show that prior to the time that Mr. Vitullo entered into this contingency fee agreement, he had already been representing the clients for a long period of time.

And in fact, there was a prior contract that Mr. Vitullo entered into with the clients — actually, there were several contracts that Mr. Vitullo entered into with my clients, before he entered into the contingency agreement that is before you today. And so, what essentially, he did was he changed the terms of the agreement with the clients, regarding his fee in midstream. While he's representing the clients, he actually negotiated a deal for himself, with my clients and that is the reason why we're challenging the enforceability of the fee provision.

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, I'd call Dr. Hopper by video. I've edited it down to 17 minutes.

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I've got a copy of the designations,
 1
 2
     Jim, if you want a copy.
 3
                    THE COURT: All right.
                    MR. LAUTEN: Do you want us to dim the
 5
     lights, Your Honor, or can you see that okay, on the
 6
     projector.
 7
                    THE COURT: I can see it.
 8
                    MR. LAUTNE: Okay.
 9
                    THE COURT: And I will take a copy, also.
10
                    MR. LAUTEN: Okay. Can I approach, Your
11
     Honor?
12
                    THE COURT: Thank you.
13
                    MR. VITULLO: Thank you.
14
                        [VIDEO CLIP PLAYED]
                    MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, we call Laura
15
16
     Wassmer via video tape. We've edited that down to about
     ten minutes; it's pretty quick.
17
                         Here are the designations Jim.
18
                        [VIDEO CLIP PLAYED]
19
                    MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, at --
20
21
                    THE COURT: Stop for just a moment.
                        [VIDEO CLIP STOPPED]
22
23
                    MR. PENNINGTON: At this point, I'm going
24
     to object to any evidence regarding other attorneys that
25
     my clients hired and the circumstances surrounding that.
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I think he's going to get into the fact that my clients had previously terminated some other lawyers and I object to that. I think it's irrelevant and it's inadmissible under Rule 404, 403 of the Texas Rules of Civil Evidence.

THE COURT: I don't believe I can determine that without hearing it. I mean I understand what your representation is.

Sir?

MR. LAUTEN: Sure, 404b says you can't show bad acts to show conforming there with, but one of the exceptions to 404b is motive and knowledge. That's why it's being offered for number one and number two, in order to prove dissipation of assets, what's at the forefront of this, is the credibility of the people that are trying to get the money. And certainly germane to that is the fact that they have not paid six out of seven lawyers, and I'm entitled to explore that and put on that evidence.

THE COURT: Well, I'll overrule the objection.

[VIDEO CLIP CONTINUED]

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, I'd like to offer some exhibits at this time.

THE COURT: I have a question.

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MR. LAUTEN: Sure.
 2
                    THE COURT: On Exhibit 12, she referred
 3
     to Jo. Who is she referring to?
                    MR. LAUTEN: Jo Hopper, Mr. Loewinsohn's
 5
     client.
 6
                    THE COURT: All right.
 7
                    MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, at this time I'd
 8
     like to offer some exhibits, if that's okay.
 9
                    THE COURT: All right.
                    MR. LAUTEN: I'd offer Exhibit 1, which
10
     is the contingency fee contract signed by Laura Wassmer.
11
                [Intervenors Exhibit 1 is offered]
12
                    THE COURT: Any objection?
13
14
                    MR. PENNINGTON: I haven't seen it, Your
     Honor.
15
16
                    MR. LAUTEN: I'll get another set of
     exhibit stickers. I only marked it as Exhibit 1 for the
17
    hearing.
18
19
                    MR. PENNINGTON: They're marked at the
    bottom.
20
21
                    MR. LAUTEN: Yeah, that's my handwriting.
    We'll do a clean copy. Subject to the clean copy, I
22
23
     offer Exhibit 1.
24
                    MR. PENNINGTON: No objection, Your
25
     Honor.
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THE COURT: All right. Exhibit 1 is
 2
     admitted.
                [Intervenors Exhibit 1 is admitted]
                    MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, I offer into
 5
     evidence Exhibit 2, which is the contingency agreement
 6
     signed by Dr. Hopper.
 7
                 [Intervenors Exhibit 2 is offered]
 8
                    THE COURT: Any objection?
 9
                    Mr. PENNINGTON: No objection, Your
10
     Honor.
                    THE COURT: Admitted.
11
12
                [Intervenors Exhibit 2 is admitted]
                    MR. LAUTEN: I offer Exhibit 3, which is
13
     the Charge of the Court and the verdict form, answered
14
     by the jury, on September 25, 2017.
15
16
                 [Intervenors Exhibit 3 is offered]
                    MR. PENNINGTON: No objection, Your
17
     Honor.
18
                    THE COURT: Admitted.
19
                [Intervenors Exhibit 3 is admitted]
20
21
                    MR. LAUTEN: I offer Exhibit 4 -- sorry.
     Your Honor, I'd offer into evidence Exhibit 4 and I'll
22
23
     let the record reflect that I've redacted out the
     settlement amount.
24
25
                 [Intervenors Exhibit 4 is offered]
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[Counsel confer about Exhibit 4]

MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, on behalf of JPMorgan, I do object and I object for all the reasons that I raised and the temporary restraining order hearing. I have a concern about Your Honor seeing any portion of this confidential settlement agreement. It's confidential. This is the foundational term sheet that then makes its way into the confidential settlement agreement. We also worry that while Your Honor is considering the JNOV motion that I made and the judgment motion Mr. Loewinsohn made, that seeing any information about this settlement could taint the process Your Honor of working diligently towards and making a decision on that.

And so, for those reasons, Your Honor, we would object to any disclosure, whatsoever, of this term sheet, this information about the settlement as well as to follow along any requests Mr. Lauten to reveal the settlement agreement, itself.

MR. LAUTEN: I think I can fix this and massage this so everybody's comfortable. What I'll do is I'll withdraw Exhibit 4 as offered and instead, what I'll offer is simply, page 3 of Exhibit 4 and only the first two lines where it says "Bob my clients are in agreement" and the purpose of this to tie up the

relevance, is that this ties in my opening statement with Mr. Levinger has reached a settlement at time X, but the next exhibit will show he's emailing Mr. Vitullo later, asking what his appellate argument is going to be; that's the relevance. So, all I'm offering is the time stamp and those first two sentences on the third page as Exhibit 4.

MR. BECKWITH: Then perhaps, Your Honor, I mean, I think first of all, some of the testimony you already heard, puts much of that into the record, so I don't think it's a disputed fact, perhaps even too, there could be a stipulation on this point. I don't think you need this document at all. I mean, I do -- there is a serious risk to Your Honor, to the Court, and to the process, you're undertaking.

THE COURT: All right, well I'm going to take a 10-minute break. You all can talk about it and I'll be right back.

MR. BECKWITH: Okay.

[Short break taken]

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, just to kind of give you a road map, I'm almost finished with our case if chief. If you'll just hang with me for another minute or two, I've got about a half a dozen exhibits I want to admit.

THE COURT: All right, well what did we 2 determine on Exhibit No. 4? 3 MR. LAUTEN: On Exhibit 4, I'm going to withdraw the exhibit, subject to the stipulation, open 4 5 court stipulation, between the lawyers on this side and 6 the clients on this side, subject to any objection JP 7 would have that on Tuesday, April 3, 2018, at 4:05 p.m., 8 Jeff Levinger emailed Bob Sax, a lawyer on behalf of 9 JPM, and that that email reflects that there was in 10 process, was an agreement to be reached on certain 11 times. That would be my proposed stipulation. 12 MR. PENNINGTON: I'll stipulate that, Your Honor. 13 14 MR. BECKWITH: We have no objection to 15 that stipulation, Your Honor. 16 MR. LAUTEN: So, I'll withdraw four. THE COURT: All right. 17 MR. LAUTEN: The next exhibit that I'll 18 offer is the April 4, 2018 Rule 11 Agreement that was 19 filed as Exhibit 6. 20 21 [Intervenors Exhibit 6 is offered] THE COURT: All right, so it will be 22 23 Exhibit 6? 24 MR. LAUTEN: Yes ma'am, I can re-mark 25 them, but they were already marked, so if it's okay,

even though they're out of order, that's the way I would 2 propose to do it unless --3 THE COURT: All right, so there's no five? 5 MR. LAUTEN: No five, that's correct. 6 MR. PENNINGTON: No objection to Exhibit 7 6, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: All right. MR. LAUTEN: Offer into evidence Exhibit 9 7, and this is the April 5, 2018 termination letter as 10 to Fee, Smith, Sharp & Vitullo. 11 12 [Intervenors Exhibit 7 is offered] MR. PENNINGTON: No objection, to Exhibit 13 7, Your Honor. 14 MR. LAUTEN: Offer Exhibit 8, it's the 15 16 same letter to as to John Malesovas. [Intervenors Exhibit 8 is offered] 17 MR. PENNINGTON: No objection as to 18 Exhibit 8. 19 20 MR. LAUTEN: I offer Exhibit 11; this is the October 8, 2015 letter to John Eichman. 21 [Intervenors Exhibit 11 is offered] 22 23 THE COURT: Now that's Exhibit 8 or 9? 24 MR. LAUTEN: I'm sorry, Your Honor. It's 25 been pre-marked for identification as Exhibit 11.

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THE COURT: 11?
 2
                    MR. LAUTEN: I'd offer Exhibit 11.
                    MR. BECKWITH: I have no objection.
                    MR. LAUTEN: I offered 11.
 5
                    MR. PENNINGTON: No objection to Exhibit
 6
     11, Your Honor.
 7
                    THE COURT: Go ahead.
 8
                    MR. LAUTEN: Did you admit 11?
 9
                    THE COURT: I'm just writing down which
10
     ones you are -- okay.
11
                    MR. LAUTEN: Okay, we can come back to it
12
     at the end if that's what you want to do. I offer
    Exhibit 13.
13
14
                [Intervenors Exhibit 13 is offered]
15
                    MR. PENNINGTON: No objection.
                    MR. LAUTEN: I would offer Exhibit 66.
16
               [Intervenors Exhibit No. 66 offered]
17
                    MR. PENNINGTON: No objection.
18
19
                    MR. LAUTEN: And Your Honor, at this time
     I would ask the Court to take judicial notice under Rule
20
     201 of its March 28, 2018 order of the disbursement of
21
     attorney's fees under the DEC action.
22
23
                    THE COURT: What's the date?
                    MR. LAUTEN: March 28, 2018. I'd ask the
24
25
     Court to take judicial notice under Rule 201 of its
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order regarding the declaratory judgment action. offer Exhibit 70. We offer Exhibit 70. 2 3 [Intervenors Exhibit 70 is offered] MR. PENNINGTON: No objection as to 5 Exhibit 70. 6 MR. LAUTEN: So I would offer those 7 exhibits at this time, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: All right, what I have is 9 Exhibit 1, 2, 3, No. 4 is withdrawn, no Exhibit 5, Exhibit 6, 7, 8, 11, 13, 66, and 70. And you're asking 10 me to take judicial notice under Rule 201 of the March 11 12 28, 2018 order of the Court? MR. LAUTEN: Yes, Your Honor. That's 13 been pre-marked as Exhibit 66. 14 THE COURT: That is Exhibit 66? 15 16 MR. LAUTEN: Correct, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right, and the Court, not 17 hearing any objections, Mr. Beckwith and Mr. Loewinsohn? 18 19 MR. LOEWINSOHN: No objection, Your 20 Honor. 21 MR. BECKWITH: No objections, Your Honor. MR. PENNINGTON: No objection, Your Honor 22 23 THE COURT: All right, the Court will admit. 24 25 [Intervenors Exhibits 1-3, 6-8, 11, 13, 66, 70 admitted]

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, before I publish these exhibits to the Court, I would just like to briefly spend two minutes walking you through what the significance of these exhibits are, in our view to our case in chief. Exhibits 1 and 2 are fully executed contingency agreements that were signed in writing by Dr. Hopper and Ms. Wassmer. And I'm going to approach and give you these after I -- may I approach?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. LAUTEN: Exhibits 1 and 2 that were admitted are the signed contingency agreements. Exhibit 3 is the jury charge and verdict form with the numbers that the jury found.

THE COURT: You said they're pre-marked?

MR. LAUTEN: They've been admitted. Yes,
they're marked.

THE COURT: Okay, well as long as we can follow what they are, then you don't need to re-do them.

MR. LAUTEN: Okay.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. LAUTEN: Exhibit 6 is the Rule 11

Agreement that was filed on April 4<sup>th</sup>. April 5<sup>th</sup> are the two termination letters that came after the Rule 11 that was executed, which is germane to our position that the lawyers fully perform. Exhibit 11 establishes that the

pre-trial initial settlement demand of the clients was 1.6 million and as the Court's aware from tab 3, the verdict was significantly above that.

Exhibit 13 is Dr. Hopper telling how much he appreciates the work Mr. Vitullo's doing. Exhibit 66 is the order where this Court found that Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper owed no monies on Ms. Hopper's claim for attorney's fees, which you heard M. Vitullo represent her on. And Exhibit 70 is really important to us because the timing of this is after the stipulation you just heard between Mr. Levinger, where he's writing Mr. Vitullo about what arguments are going to be in the jury charge questionnaire when he at least knows in his head according to stipulation, he's about to reach an agreement.

And when you look at that Exhibit 70 and you reconcile it with the termination letter, which has been admitted as Exhibit 5, you'll see that the foundational basis for terminating Mr. Vitullo and Malesovas is Mr. Levinger's complaint that there's not a good record on appeal and that's the email that Mr. Levinger is sending about what's our argument going to be on these jury charge questions. So, subject to that -- and Your Honor, before I rest and close I got one more exhibit and I've redacted out all the other stuff,

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which I'll mark as Exhibit 14.
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                    MR. PENNINGTON: What was, I'm sorry,
 3
    what was --?
                    MR. LAUTEN: I offer Exhibit 14.
 5
                 [Intervenors Exhibit 14 offered]
                    MR. PENNINGTON: But what was redacted?
                    MR. LAUTEN: The rest of it that could be
 8
     arguably confidential. I don't think you're going to
 9
     want us to offer the entire email, but we're happy to do
     so if you don't have an objection.
10
11
                    MR. PENNINGTON: I just wanted to
12
     understand that this is a redacted copy, that's all, and
     I have no objection to this exhibit.
13
14
                    MR. LAUTEN: May I approach, Your Honor?
                    THE COURT: Yes.
15
                    MR. LAUTEN: This is Exhibit 14.
16
                    THE COURT: All right. Exhibit 14 will
17
    be admitted.
18
                 [Intervenors Exhibit 14 admitted]
19
20
                    MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, subject to any
21
     rebuttal, Plaintiff's Intervenors rest and close.
                    THE COURT: One more question: With
22
23
     respect to the exhibits referenced in these depositions,
     are these the same? I'm not --
24
25
                    MR. MALESOVAS: Your Honor, the exhibits
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that are admitted have the exhibit stickers from the 2 deposition on them and then down at the bottom, they 3 have the way they have been marked for purposes of this hearing. So when you see the actual sticker, for 4 5 example, I think on Exhibit No. 1 if you look at Exhibit 6 No. 1, there's an Exhibit No. 2 sticker on it. That was 7 Exhibit No. 2, in the deposition. 8 THE COURT: All right. 9 Sir? 10 MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, before I 11 begin, can I just ask how much time we have remaining 12 for the hearing today? THE COURT: Approximately, 30 minutes, 30 13 14 to 40 minutes. MR. PENNINGTON: Total? 15 THE COURT: Well, this is scheduled for 16 two hours, and today is the day that I have the Probate 17 Section meeting, and so it's Professor Byers speaking 18

today and so everybody wants to hear Professor Byers.

And then I have another obligation, so if you need more

time I'll have to schedule that but that's all that we

have today.

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MR. PENNINGTON: Okay, and so a total of

24 how much time remaining then?

THE COURT: About 30 minutes.

MR. PENNINGTON: 30 minutes, okay. 2 just want to make sure that we have time remaining to 3 hear the Motion to Compel Arbitration. Your Honor, let me just speed this up and get to a couple of exhibits 5 and see if we can -- I'll just introduce these and if 6 there's no objection, then --7 MR. LAUTEN: Yeah, I object to relevance, 8 hearsay. 9 MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, let me, just for the record, mark this. 10 THE COURT: And just so you know, don't 11 12 feel like I'm giving your arguments not enough attention. I've read most of the materials that were 13 previously submitted to the Court. 14 MR. LAUTEN: Thank you, Your Honor. 15 16 THE COURT: I was up pretty late last night reading that. You don't have to take me through 17 everything. All right, so Exhibits 1 and 2? 18 19 MR. PENNINGTON: Exhibits 1 and 2, Your Honor, we'll offer those at this time. 20 21 [Defendant's Exhibits 1 and 2 offered] THE COURT: Any objection? 22 23 MR. LAUTEN: I object to it as irrelevant and hearsay. And just to put it in context with respect 24 25 to the Baker Botts letter, I have a tremendous amount of

respect for that firm and Mr. Beckwith and to put that in the proper context, I would really have to cross-examine one of the lawyers and I'm not willing to do that. I don't think that's appropriate. The letter is irrelevant and its hearsay and I'd ask that my objection be sustained.

THE COURT: Well I'm in a position where if this is offered, I haven't read them, so I, you know, if I don't to read them I won't know whether or not they're hearsay, so...

MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, I can put
Mr. Beckwith on the stand if I need to prove up the fact
that he authored this letter and sent it to Mr. Lauten,
yesterday but I think it is relevant, because it goes to
the issue of the condition precedent to the settlement.

MR. LAUTEN: My objection is not authentication, I don't want to speak with Mr. Beckwith (inaudible) or sent it; my objection is hearsay. It's an out of court statement offered for the truth of the matter asserted, and its hearsay.

THE COURT: Is it offered for the truth of the matters asserted in here?

MR. PENNINGTON: No, Your Honor. It's actually offered to show that there's no pending, or no imminent harm or no pending payment of any settlement

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because there has been no release of the lien by Mr.
 2
     Vitullo or his firm.
 3
                    MR. LAUTEN: That's the truth of the
     matter asserted.
 5
                    THE COURT: Sir?
 6
                    MR. PENNINGTON: Well, then I can put Mr.
     Beckwith on the stand if I need to.
 8
                    THE COURT: Well, I mean, I told you how
 9
     much time we have left. You can decide how you want to
10
     use your time.
11
                    MR. PENNINGTON: All right. I'll come
12
     back to this issue, Your Honor. And I'll offer Exhibit
     2 then, the April 6th letter.
13
14
                [Defendant's Exhibit No. 2 offered]
                    MR. LAUTEN: No objection, Your Honor.
15
                    THE COURT: All right, the Court will
16
     admit Exhibit 2, Defendant's 2.
17
               [Defendant's Exhibit No. 2 admitted]
18
19
                    MR. PENNINGTON: And Your Honor, at this
     time I would call Mr. Vitullo to the stand.
20
21
                        ANTHONY L. VITULLO,
     having been first duly sworn, testified as follows:
22
23
                    THE COURT: Be seated, please.
24
                        DIRECT EXAMINATION,
25
     BY MR. PENNINGTON:
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1 Q. Mr. Vitullo, you represented Stephen Hopper 2 and Laura Wassmer in the underlying lawsuit, correct? 3 Α. Yes, sir. And, you're in Court today, seeking to enforce 5 the terms of a contingency fee agreement that you 6 entered into, with both of those clients, correct? 7 Α. Yes, sir. 8 And those agreements have been offered into 9 evidence as Exhibits 1 and 2, correct? 10 Α. Yes, sir. 11 At the time you entered into those contingency 12 fee agreements with Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper, you were already their attorney, correct? 13 14 Α. Yes, sir. Okay, and you were, prior to entering into 15 16 these contingency agreements, you were representing both Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper on an hourly basis, correct? 17 For a very limited purpose. 18 Α. 19 But you were representing them on an hourly Q. basis? 20 21 On an hourly basis for a limited purpose of attending the mediation and getting ready for the 22 23 mediation. 24 O. And that was --

That was the scope of representation in that

agreement.

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Q. And that mediation was the mediation that took place in this very lawsuit that we're here about today?

- A. It took place on November the  $9^{th}$  of 2015.
- Q. In the probate case, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. All right. And before that, how long had you known Dr. Hopper and Ms. Wassmer?
- A. I had met Dr. Hopper in Oklahoma City, in 2012.
- Q. And you actually referred both Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper to another law firm here in town, Block & Garden, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
  - Q. For the purpose of representing Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper in the probate proceeding, correct?
    - A. For a very limited purpose.
  - Q. But you're the attorney that referred them to Block & Garden, correct?
- A. Correct.
  - Q. And you're aware that following your referral of Dr. Hopper and Ms. Wassmer to the Block & Garden Law Firm, that they actually entered into a fee contract with that law firm, correct?
  - A. Correct.

1	Q. And
2	THE COURT: Excuse me. One minute, just
3	a second. I have to take that call.
4	[Brief interruption]
5	THE COURT: All right, I'm sorry. I had
6	to take that call.
7	Q. Mr. Vitullo, are you aware that you were
8	actually named as an attorney in the Block & Garden fee
9	agreement?
. 0	A. I found that out later, after the fact.
.1	Q. Have you seen the Block & Garden fee agreement
.2	before?
. 3	A. Yes, I have.
_4	MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, I'm going to
. 5	offer the Block and Garden fee agreement as Exhibit 3.
. 6	[Defendant's Exhibit 3 offered]
7	MR. LAUTEN: Objection hearsay and
. 8	there's been foundation to prove up that document
. 9	through this witness.
20	Q. (By Mr. Pennington) Mr. Vitullo, I'll show you
21	Exhibit 3
22	THE COURT: I'll allow him some latitude
23	to see if we have a foundation.
24	Go ahead.
25	Q. (By Mr. Pennington) Have you seen Exhibit 3

before?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay, and is it your understanding that that's a copy of the fee agreement between Block & Garden and Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper?
- A. I believe this is a copy but I'm not sure if this is the version that Stephen Hopper and Laura Wassmer received on October the 8th, of 2012. I cannot testify to that, because on October the 8th of 2012 when this exhibit was presented to Stephen Hopper and Laura Wassmer, I was not copied with this, at all.
- Q. But do you have any reason to dispute that that's a true copy of the agreement between Block & Garden and Ms. Wassmer and Dr. Hopper?
- A. What I'm saying is this is an exhibit that's been presented to me as being a copy of the Block & Garden fee agreement. This -- what I'm saying is as of October the 8th of 2012, I'm not sure if this is the entire copy that was given to Stephen Hopper and Laura Wassmer, because I did not see this on October the 8th of 2012, or during that time period.
  - Q. Did you draft any part of that agreement, sir?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Did you send any language to Steve Block at Block & Garden for him to include as part of the

agreement that he entered into with the clients?

- A. Not as to this agreement. What I had -- what I had done in the past, prior to 2012, I had entered into contingency fee agreements with other clients, with the Block & Garden Law Firm, and Mr. Block and Chris McNeill had a copy of my form contingency fee contract that they had used in the past.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. So, there's language in this copy Exhibit 3 that is similar to the contingency fee agreement form that I've used in the past that Mr. Block and Mr. McNeill had in the past.
- Q. All right. But ultimately, you knew that Dr. Hopper and Ms. Wassmer were going to retain Block & Garden?
- A. Correct. But I did not know that they were going to retain Block & Garden and use a hybrid fee. My understanding, at the time, was that they were retained on a flat fee.
- MR. PENNINGTON: I'll offer Exhibit 3, Your Honor.
- 22 [Defendant's Exhibit No. 3 offered]
- MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, I object. It's hearsay and it's no foundation so it's an exhibit created by a different law firm that he can't prove up.

1 MR. PENNINGTON: Due to the time, Your 2 Honor, I don't have any --3 THE COURT: I'll sustain the objection. MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, at this 5 time, due to the time constraints of the Court, I have 6 no further questions. 7 MR. LAUTEN: I'll pass the witness, Your 8 Honor. I don't have any questions. 9 THE COURT: Does anyone else have some 10 questions? 11 MR. LOEWINSOHN: No, Your Honor. 12 MR. BECKWITH: No, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: You may step down. MR. VITULLO: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 THE COURT: Call your next witness. 15 16 MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, at this time, based on the time that's remaining, that we do 17 need time remaining to argue the Motion to Compel 18 Arbitration, I have no further witnesses at this time. 19 20 THE COURT: Well, I want to say this. 21 am willing to hear the Motion to Compel Arbitration; this was added after the Temporary Injunction was 22 23 scheduled, and so I'm not trying to not give you adequate time to argue your motion. It's just that I 24 25 couldn't promise you that you would have enough time

today to argue that motion and, I mean, I'm perfectly willing to give you another opportunity at some other time, it's just that, you know, basically, you're crowding the docket today. So, you know, if you want to do this another day, we can do it another day. It's just that I'm not able to expend the time today. So, I mean, it's up to you.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, can I just address that? We're willing to come back on the Motion to Compel Arbitration. The problem we have is that there's been a summary judgment motion filed that's set for May 4<sup>th</sup> and our response to that would be due this Friday.

THE COURT: It can't possibly be set for May  $4^{\rm th}$  because I'm out of town May  $4^{\rm th}.$ 

 $$\operatorname{MS.}$  JOHNSON: Okay. I thought Mr. Lauten represented that he was going to try to --

MR. LAUTEN: I was going to try and I've been unsuccessful, so now it's officially not set for May  $4^{\rm th}$ ; how's that?

MS. JOHNSON: Okay, Your Honor --

THE COURT: I apologize. I'm the curriculum chair for the National College of Probate Judges annual meeting and so, I have to be there. So I'm not going to be here; I'm leaving on the first.

MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, we're happy to come back on the Motion to Compel Arbitration, as long as we can get an agreement from Mr. Lauten that we'll have that motion heard before any response is due to the summary judgment motion.

THE COURT: Well, I haven't seen the summary judgment motion. I can't make a judgment on what that is and I'm certainly, not a party to any agreements that the lawyers make.

MR. PENNINGTON: The biggest concern,
Your Honor, is that in the temporary restraining order
that you signed that you said that they could file their
motion for summary judgment on 14 days' notice and I
think we're required to file our response five days
before the hearing.

THE COURT: I recall.

MR. PENNINGTON: And so, the concern here is that we haven't had an opportunity to conduct any discovery. We haven't been able to get all of my clients' files from Mr. Vitullo's firm and that's in dispute. But we haven't received any files from Mr. Malesovas' firm and there's some other lawyers' files we're waiting to receive, at the time. So we haven't had time to really flesh out this argument, but the Motion to Compel Arbitration is the most pressing issue

from our perspective.

THE COURT: I understand. It's just that, as I said, I set this for the temporary conjunction hearing and I didn't set it for the Motion to Compel Arbitration. I mean, you could have gotten a different date this week; it's just that you've chose to put it on this docket and it's not working.

MR. PENNINGTON: Well, with all due respect, Your Honor, when I had contacted your Court Coordinator, we sent a couple of letters in and I received a phone call from her and she said that, after she spoke with you, this was the earliest possible day that we could get it set so we just asked for it to be set, at that time.

THE COURT: I understand. I'm just trying to be fair, okay? And so, I don't want you to feel like I'm not willing to give you equal time or adequate time to explain your motion to me or argue your motion to me. It's just that today was crowded and so, that's the situation.

Sir, did you have something that you wanted to say?

MR. LAUTEN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay, go ahead.

MS. JOHNSON: So, Your Honor, we're happy

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to proceed today. About how much time do we have,
 2
     approximately?
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                    THE COURT: About eight minutes.
                    MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, I guess I would
 5
     ask that we be able to reschedule this hearing, but with
 6
     the understanding that it's not going to be until --
 7
                    THE COURT: That's an agreement you can
 8
    make with the lawyers.
 9
                    MS. JOHNSON: Okay. All right.
                    THE COURT: I'm not going to be --
10
11
                    MS. JOHNSON: Okay. I'm going to do this
12
     in eight minutes, Your Honor.
13
                    MR. LAUTEN: Okay, wait, can we -- I'm
     not going to interrupt you but --
14
                    MS. JOHNSON: Sure.
15
16
                    MR. LAUTEN: -- procedurally the record
     does not reflect that they've rested and closed yet and
17
     I'm going to -- they need to either rest and close or we
18
19
     need to move on.
20
                    MR. PENNINGTON: We rest and close.
21
                    MR. LAUTEN: Okay. So much for that.
                    THE COURT: Mr. Beckwith?
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23
                    MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, I do think we
     need to make a couple of points very quickly, before
24
25
     they actually make their closing arguments, Your Honor.
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First of all, we've advised Your Honor that we have a confidential settlement agreement and I would ask that Your Honor take judicial notice of the notice that I filed and what it was was JPMorgan's Notice of Receipt of Temporary Restraining Order. I believe I filed it on April 11 of 2018. I'm looking here and I'll find it for Your Honor.

I'd ask that you take judicial notice of it because what it establishes is that there is a confidential settlement agreement that's been entered into and that the conditions precedent for payment have not been fulfilled. But if those conditions precedent are fulfilled, that JPMorgan will abide by any temporary restraining order that might exist at the time the conditions precedent are fulfilled. So we want to make sure that Your Honor take judicial notice of that notice that we filed.

THE COURT: When was it filed?

MR. BECKWITH: It was filed on April 11, 2018. And I want to make sure Your Honor, as a part of that -- I'm still trying to find it. Yes, it is April 11, 2018 at 3:26 p.m. And I could read it to Your Honor if it would help. It just advises on the Rule 11 Agreement, pending negotiations on the Settlement and Release Agreement, and that the conditions precedent

payment that had not been made.

THE COURT: All right, I don't -- I'm sure if you said that you filed it, it hasn't -- I don't think I have it.

MR. BECKWITH: It does have a file stamp of 3:08 p.m. Your Honor. If I could, can I read it into the record just so that Your Honor can hear it.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. BECKWITH: "At 3:08 p.m. on April 11, 2018, JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A, JPMorgan in its capacity as the Independent Administrator of the Estate of Max D. Hopper, Deceased and in its corporate capacity has received this Courts April 10, 2018 temporary restraining order. As the Court is aware, the parties signed and filed on April 4, 2018, a Rule 11 Agreement announcing that's their settlement pursuant to a confidential term sheet." I believe the Rule 11 was put into evidence by Mr. Lauten, and so that's the reference there, Your Honor.

"JPMorgan notifies the Court that as of today, the parties have not yet signed their Settlement and Release Agreement. Once signed, JPMorgan notifies the Court that certain conditions precedent must occur before JPMorgan has any obligation to make any settlement payment. JPMorgan writes simply to inform

the Court that it is aware of, and will abide by the temporary restraining order, if it remains in effect, of JPMorgan's obligations to make a settlement payment arises."

So that was the notice that we provided to Your Honor. Your Honor, I think it also is incumbent that it protects JPMorgan's rights to the confidential settlement that we see if we can obtain a stipulation that, as of today, there is a confidential settlement agreement that exists between JPMorgan and the Heirs. I don't think that was disputed between either of the parties, so I'd ask the parties to confirm that.

MR. PENNINGTON: We'll stipulate to that Your Honor.

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor, just to be real clear procedurally here, I don't have a problem with the Court taking judicial notice that they filed something and the filing says what it says, but I need -- I want to make sure the record is clear, I've never seen this settlement agreement, ever. It's been subpoenaed to be here. I'm not picking a fight over it, but I'm not in a position to agree or disagree as to what JPM's obligations are under an agreement that I haven't signed, that I haven't seen and that my clients aren't even a party to that contract, so I don't agree or

disagree. But if the Court wants to simply take judicial notice that they filed something and that's what it says, I don't have a problem with that.

MR. BECKWITH: And here's the issue, Your Honor. I need to make sure that the record is clear that there is a confidential settlement agreement in place, to protect JPMorgan's rights. I thought that was part of the hearing that both Mr. Lauten and Mr. Pennington established. And then I have represented to the Court as an officer of the Court that conditions precedent exist to payment. The money stays, as of right now is at JPMorgan, and that conditions precedent exist prior to any payment to the Heirs.

And so if I need to put on further evidence on that I will, but those are the only two points, I think, that should Your Honor make a decision and JPMorgan need to seek review of that decision that we need to establish. As for Mr. Lauten, Mr. Lauten and I exchanged a number of messages last week, trying to provide Mr. Lauten the chance to go read the settlement agreement and the dispute broke down on whether Mr. Lauten could obtain a copy of the settlement agreement.

THE COURT: Read the settlement agreement un-redacted or in full or just read --

MR. BECKWITH: Read the settlement in

full, un-redacted, right. And so Your Honor knows my concerns with Your Honor reading the settlement in full, with all due respect to the Court, and so that is the only concern that we have with respect to that. We want to make sure that our record is established that there's a confidential settlement agreement and conditions precedent that exist to payment of any money.

MR. LAUTEN: Just so this is clear, Your Honor, it is true that we talked about me going over and looking at the settlement without taking it, but then they wanted me to sign an agreement on confidentiality, and I'm not going to put myself in a position to be sued. I don't have a contract with these people; my clients don't have a contract with these people.

My alternative proposal is a Rule 11 that I signed and it says send it to me, you can redact whatever you want with confidentiality and I'll agree it's protected, and if I don't abide by it, you can sanction me, but you're not going to enter a contract with me unless you pay me to enter a contract with me unless you pay me to enter a contract with you. So that's how the disagreement broke down. But even as we sit here today, I don't even know what they're claiming is confidential. Is it the payment amount? Is it the payment instructions? Is it the entire thing? Every settlement I've ever seen has an exception for a

subpoena or Court order.

So, anyway I'm not in a position to agree or disagree because I simply haven't seen it. And I'll take ownership of my share of the fault for the disagreement breaking down, but as a practical matter, I haven't seen it; that's the point.

MR. BECKWITH: And to be clear, the entire settlement agreement is confidential. That's the way it was negotiated and signed by the parties as a confidential settlement agreement.

THE COURT: Well, I will tell you the Court is in a curious position. There seems to be a whole body of information that the Court is not privy to, which is problematic. In my view, it's hard for me to feel secure in any decision that I'm going to make without sufficient information. I mean, I'm just astounded at the absence of information that I am operating with and I'm expected to make a decision. However, that's the way you choose to operate so, --

THE COURT: I'll take judicial notice of the fact that you have filed a piece of paper that indicates that you have a settlement agreement. I'm not representing to you or saying that I agree that it is a confidential settlement agreement because I don't know

MR. BECKWITH: Well, the information --

that it is because I've not seen it. So I can't acknowledge it as a confidential settlement agreement. And of course, I don't know whether or not it is an enforceable settlement agreement. I have not seen the terms of the condition precedent, and so I don't know anything about those terms, other than what you've told me.

And so, I have merely the representation that you will abide by an agreement that I've not seen and conditions that I've not reviewed. And that I am supposed to rely on Chase not to release the funds until or unless these unknown conditions are performed, I mean, that's from my advantage point.

MR. BECKWITH: And part of what puts us in this situation is the prior points that I raised last time, which is Your Honor is still considering our pending JNOV as well as Mr. Loewinsohn's motion for judgment as to Mrs. Hopper. And JPMorgan believes it would be prejudicial to the process, prejudicial to the Court, prejudicial to JPMorgan and perhaps, Mrs. Hopper for Your Honor to receive in the settlement agreement, to see it's terms, to see any payment amount, and then to be, with all of that information, also be deciding the JNOV and the motion for judgment.

We do think that's problematic. I've

raised that with Your Honor before and so that is the awkward situation I think we all find ourselves in. I tried to raise it last time, or perhaps these parties could agree to some escrow agent or some bank or some lawyer to take these funds so that we wouldn't even have to bother Your Honor but that apparently, wasn't taken up. I'm kind of in the box Your Honor is in, at this point.

THE COURT: Mr. Loewinsohn?

MR. LOEWINSOHN: A couple of points, Your Honor. First of all, if it is helpful to the process, I want to make clear whatever the Court decides regarding the settlement agreement or settlement amount, Ms.

Hopper and myself are not seeking to know that amount.

We don't need to know that amount and so I want to make that clear if the Court ends up looking at something in camera, I'm not going to take the position because we're a party in the lawsuit, we need to see it. So I wanted to make that clear.

Second, just for the record, I think Mr. Beckwith's suggestion that the Court is not able to divorce whatever information it learns in this proceeding, from its consideration of the motion for judgment by Mrs. Hopper and motion for JNOV, I think that it does not give the Court enough credit.

Settlements between one set of parties and still have to decide what to do about the remainder set of the parties. As long as the Court is honest and focused on the materials before them, which I greatly expect that this Court would be, I don't agree with Mr. Beckwith's suggestion and I can assure you, we don't believe it would prejudice Mrs. Hopper as the suggestion was made because I believe the Court would give no consideration to that, and will make its decisions independently, based on the information presented to you. Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. LAUTEN: If I could just make one final point, because this really, really bothers me immensely. These parties can enter into whatever agreement they want. I'm not a party to that contract. They can walk out of here and tear it up and enter a new agreement. What they've agreed to amongst themselves is of no moment as to my clients. The only way my clients' rights are going to be protected is by this Court making a decision to protect those rights.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else?

MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, I think if
that's the position the parties are going to take then I
think I should take a stand and testify to the

confidential settlement agreement, that it exists and that there are conditions precedent to payment under it so that you have that record.

MR. LAUTEN: Well I don't have a problem with that but if he's going to testify then we're going to have to get the agreement out and we're going to have to see it. I'm not going to take -- I have a tremendous amount of respect for Mr. Beckwith. I know he's a fantastic lawyer and good person. But like any other witness, I'm not going to take a witness's word on it on what a document says that I don't have in Court. So if we're going to put on some evidence we're going to have to get it out or the Court's going to have to look at it in camera. I don't care how we do it, but I gotta be able to cross-examine somebody about a document if it's going to be proven up without me seeing it.

MR. BECKWITH: What we've just heard is the parties are entitled to have a confidential settlement agreement. The fact that a fee dispute has broken out between the parties, one of the parties that are lawyers does not abrogate our confidential settlement agreement and does not expose it to public view, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well, I'm not trying to make you do anything you don't want to do. I'm just trying

to figure out what is reasonable and equitable in this particular situation. And as I said, I seem to be making a decision without very much information, so I mean, of course, I guess I've been put in that position before so I will do the best that I can do.

MR. BECKWITH: But I've tried to represent to Your Honor as a member of this Bar and member of this Court, Your Honor precisely what's happened here, which is that there is a confidential settlement agreement that exists between the parties. All indicia of evidence that was put in by Mr. Lauten and that was discussed by Mr. Pennington, points towards that fact, but as a member of the Bar I'm telling you there is a confidential settlement agreement in place and I have filed a notice again, as a member of the Bar that that confidential settlement agreement has conditions precedent to payment.

And lastly, I'm telling you that the money that is associated with the settlement agreement remains today at JPMorgan Chase Bank. So, I'm making all of those representations to the Court; I don't think they're refuted representations, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Well --

MR. BECKWITH: I might be --

THE COURT: I understand that. I guess

in the back of my mind, I mean, I have seen people make confidential settlement agreements and I've seen people brought back out of them. I've seen people figure ways around them and I mean, lawyers do what lawyers do and so you know, there are a lot of agreements that are presented in the morning and that are, you know, torn up in the afternoon. So, you know, I'm in the position of being aware of that fact; now, I haven't heard you say that the confidential settlement agreement is not subject to revocation or modification or something else.

MR. BECHWITH: Whether it is or isn't Your Honor, I can tell you it is in existence today that, no doubt about it, it exists today.

THE COURT: I understand.

MR. BECKWITH: What effect the parties make up, the Heirs and their lawyers and this dispute may have on that confidential settlement agreement remains to be seen, but what I can tell you is there is a condition precedent to payment.

THE COURT: I heard that. What I'm saying to you is that what you're not telling me is that there's no way that that settlement might not change, or might not be modified or that JPMorgan Chase may decide to walk away from it.

MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, that doesn't

change the fact that today, there's a confidential 2 settlement agreement is in place, --3 THE COURT: I understand --MR. BECKWITH: -- fully in writing, fully 5 integrated, fully in existence. 6 THE COURT: All right. 7 MR. LAUTEN: I know we're running out of 8 time. I do want two minutes for final argument if I can 9 get it before we run out. 10 MS. JOHNSON: Your Honor, can I just say 11 first -- I'm sorry. 12 THE COURT: Just a minute. 13 MS. JOHNSON: Okay. 14 THE COURT: So everybody can hear what 15 you have to say. MS. JOHNSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor. 16 just wanted to say for the record that we will reset our 17 Motion to Compel Arbitration. 18 19 THE COURT: I understand. MS. JOHNSON: We understand the Court's 20 21 time constraints. I do want to make clear our positon on the record that if anything further goes on in this 22 23 litigation, while there is a pending Motion to Compel Arbitration that that cannot happen. That will be an 24 25 abuse of discretion.

THE COURT: Ma'am, I'll decide that. 2 Thank you. 3 MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you, Your 4 Honor. 5 MR. BECKWITH: Your Honor, I will further 6 represent that we will not -- I know Mr. Pennington 7 would bear the same representation -- We will not 8 change, alter or revoke the settlement agreement without 9 notifying Your Honor, so you now have the confidential 10 settlement agreement exist, conditions precedent to 11 payment exist that have not been fulfilled so there's no 12 payment obligation. And as officer of the Court I'm 13 representing to you we will not change, revoke, or alter 14 it without notifying the Court, in advance. MR. PENNINGTON: I agree with that on 15 behalf of my clients, Your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Okay. All right. Thank you. MR. PENNINGTON: Your Honor, may I at 18 19 this point, request a stay of any further proceedings 20 until we have a hearing on our Motion to Compel Arbitration? 21 22 MR. LAUTEN: It's not before you today, 23 Your Honor. 24 MR. PENNINGTON: Well it is part of our 25 Motion to Compel and because we're unable to have a

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hearing on our Motion to Compel, all I'm asking Your Honor is that nothing else be set or no further discovery or no further motions are set before you until we've had an opportunity to have a hearing on a Motion to Compel Arbitration.

THE COURT: Well, I can't promise you that, sir, I mean, I don't know what's going to happen tomorrow okay, but you're fee to reach that agreement with counsel if they choose to agree with you.

MR. LAUTEN: I just want to leave you with one thought without even getting into it. There's one issue before you today and that's the ownership and property rights of my clients with funds held by JPMorgan Chase. We don't have an arbitration agreement with JPMorgan. We don't have an agreement of any kind with them.

THE COURT: I understand, sir.

MR. LAUTEN: Okay.

THE COURT: All right. Anything else?

MS. JOHNSON: I just want to be clear.

The Court is denying our Motion to Stay the Proceedings pending our Motion to Compel Arbitration.

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THE COURT: I'm not doing anything but moving that hearing at the moment, okay? I'm going to think about what I've heard and I'm going to have to

make some kind of decision pretty quickly, so I need to 2 think about what I've heard and I'll be sending you 3 something, shortly. MR. PENNINGTON: Can we get a hearing 5 date Your Honor on our Motion to Compel, while we're 6 here? THE COURT: You can talk to Amanda. 8 MR. LAUTEN: But before we adjourn Your 9 Honor, I've got a flash drive with our proposed orders. 10 I know you're extremely busy. The only thing I would 11 ask the Court is to at least consider if it's going to 12 be awhile, extending the TRO because it expires by its 13 terms under 14 days. 14 MS. JOHNSON: And Your Honor, our positon is that is an absolute abuse of discretion. This Court 15 16 may not extend a TRO while there is a pending Motion to 17 Compel Arbitration. MR. LAUTEN: Okay, well --18 19 MS. JOHNSON: This Court may not order discovery. This Court may not deny our summary 20 21 judgment. 22 THE COURT: Ma'am? 23 MS. JOHNSON: Sorry, Your Honor. 24 THE COURT: Thank you. 25 Sir.?

MR. LAUTEN: My point is I would ask the Court to extend the TRO until the injunction is entered and I think the Court can decide on its own what the law is and isn't and I've got an order for the Court that I will leave you with the flash drive, if I can approach.

THE COURT: All right. Is this the  $14^{\rm th}$  day?

MR. LAUTEN: Yes, it is, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. I'm sorry ma'am,
I don't mean to cut you off. It's just that you know, I
need to move along.

MS. JOHNSON: I understand, Your Honor, but I just have to be very clear. I think you are being lead into error, here. It is absolutely black letter law in the State of Texas that if there is a pending Motion to Compel Arbitration, the Court cannot extend the TRO, can't enter an injunction, you can't order discovery, you can't hear a summary judgment motion. And I'm sorry to be so forceful, Your Honor, but you are being lead into error by these lawyers.

MR. LAUTEN: Your Honor? Your Honor, that is simply untrue. We have a statute that specifically gives you jurisdiction, Chapter 171, before and even during an arbitration. And it is simply wrong for a lawyer to come in here and tell you you're

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committing error when it's not true.
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                    MS. JOHNSON: No, I didn't say the Court
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     was committing error. I'm telling you, you are being
     lead into error.
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                    MR. LAUTEN: Okay, that's not true.
                    MS. JOHNSON: The statute that he is
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 7
     referring to is the Texas Arbitration Act.
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                    THE COURT: Thank you.
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                    MS. JOHNSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
                    MR. LAUTEN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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                    MR. PENNINGTON: Thank you.
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                         [End of proceedings]
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THE STATE OF TEXAS

COUNTY OF DALLAS X

I, Jackie Galindo, Deputy Official Court
Reporter for the Probate Court Number One, Dallas
County, Texas, do hereby certify that the above and
foregoing contains a true and correct transcription of
all portions of evidence and other proceedings requested
in writing by counsel for the parties to be included in
this request in the above-styled and numbered cause, all
of which occurred in open court or in chambers and were
reported by me.

I further certify that this Reporter's

Record of the proceedings truly and correctly reflects

the exhibits, if any, offered by the respective parties.

WITNESS MY OFFICIAL HAND, this the 1st day of June, 2018.

/s/: Jackie Galindo

Jackie Galindo, Texas CSR #7023

Expiration Date: 12/31/19

Official Court Reporter

Probate Court, Dallas County, Texas

Renaissance Tower, 2400-A

Dallas Texas

214-653-6066